# مجموعة الرقابة الفلسطينية



## PALESTINIAN MONITORING GROUP

## DAILY SITUATION REPORT 08:00, 30<sup>th</sup> May – 08:00, 31<sup>st</sup>May 2013

SUMMARY OF EVENTS

EVENT	WEST BANK	GAZA STRIP	TOTAL	NOTES
Injury	2		2	1 in Bethlehem and 1 in Hebron including a child.
Detention	24	_	24	12 in Jerusalem, 1 in Tubas, 2 in Nablus,5 in Salfit and 4 in Hebron including 8 children, 2 National Security Officers and a University student.
Temporary Detention	9		9	At checkpoints and residential area including a child.
Raids	24		24	3,2,1,2,5,2,2,1,2,4 in Jerusalem. Ramallah,Jenin.Tubas,Tulkarem,Qalqilya, Nablus,Salfit, Jericho, and Hebron.
Closure of Checkpoints	6	_	6	Ras Khamis checkpoint for the purpose of constructing the wall, access allowed at checkpoints around Jerusalem, impeded access at 5 others.
Flying Checkpoints	15		15	2 in Jerusalem,2 in Ramallah,1 in Jenin, 1 in Qalqiliya, 3 in Nablus,2 in Salfit,1 in Jericho and 3 in Hebron.
Attack	5		5	4 during confrontation1 and 1 from settler attack.
Assault on Property	1	—	1	Israeli forces served confiscation order for a plot of land in Salfit.
Destruction of Property	6	_	6	Israeli forces destroyed the main entrance of a building; Israeli settlers slashed the tires of 2 vehicles in Jerusalem, destroyed 30 Olive trees and 5 acres of wheat crops in Nablus and damaged a vehicle after stoning near Za'tara checkpoint in Salfit.
Wall Construction	16	—	16	4 in Jerusalem, 3 in Ramallah, 1 in Tulkarm, 5 in Qalqiliya, 1 in Salfit, 3 in Bethlehem and 1 in Hebron
Closure (per District)	8		8	Including 2 in Bethlehem, 1 in Jerusalem, 1 in Tubas and 8 in Hebron.
Closure of Main Roads	77	_	77	Including 3 in Tulkarem, 7 in Nablus, 25 in Bethlehem and 25 in Hebron.
Closure of Crossings		4	4	Rafah ( <i>Al 'Awdah</i> ) Crossing is open for the exit of patients, students, passengers with permits and Karm Abu Salem (Karem Shalom) Crossing is open for the passage of critical patients, journalists, NGO staff,

TOTAL	202	4	206	
Demonstration	2		2	Against the construction of the Wall and in solidarity with Palestinian detainees and demanding their release from Israeli prisons
Settler Violence	6		6	Israeli settler stormed an apartment building in Shu'fat camp in an attempt to confiscate it, stormed the previously abandoned settlement of Homesh in Jenin, set fire to agricultural land in Nablus, stormed vehicles near Za'tara checkpoint and stormed Jericho.
Settlement Activity	*			*Israeli Authorities approved tenders for the construction of 1097 settlement unites (300 in "Ramot" and 797 in "Gilo" settlement") in east Jerusalem on land occupied in 1967.
Assault on Places of Worship	1		1	allowed 20 truckloads of humanitarian goods. Israeli settlers wrote racist graffiti on walls surrounding a church in the old city of Jerusalem.
				businessmen and passengers travelling abroad through Al-Karama crossing with previous coordination and

#### WEST BANK

	• <u>Closure:</u>		
	(i) The Israeli army continues to intensify its restrictions at checkpoints located at		
	the entrance to Jerusalem city, set up several flying checkpoints on the main		
	road leading to the city and prevented worshipers from conducting prayers at		
	Al-Aqsa mosque compound as a result prevented residents and workers		
	including those with entry permits from entering Israeli and Jerusalem.		
	(ii) The Israeli army continues to close the 'demarcation area' along the Wall in		
	the area surrounding occupied East Jerusalem and restricts access to local		
	residents as well as to civilians holding special permits.		
	(iii) The Israeli army continues to impose a blockade and deny civilian access to a		
	hill between Biddu and Beit Iksa villages.		
	<u>Closure of Main Roads:</u>		
JERUSALEM	(i) The Israeli army continues to close with cement blocks and dirt mounds the		
	entrance to Jaba' village.		
	(ii) The Israeli army continues to close with an iron gate the eastern entrance to		
	Beit Iksa village and forces civilians to access Jerusalem city through		
	Qalandiya checkpoint.		
	• <u>Checkpoints:</u>		
	(i) Israeli authorities continue to consider Qalandiya checkpoint a "border		
	crossing point" and designate a special crossing lane for holders of		
	Jerusalem IDs and another for those possessing permits to access		
	Jerusalem city and at 16:00, Israeli forces closed the checkpoint impeded		
	the free flow of traffic until 17:00.		
	(ii) On September 19 <sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed Ras Khamis checkpoint		
	near Shu'fat camp and impeded the free flow of traffic in order to		
	construct the wall.		
	(iii) At 08:00, Israeli forces increased their restriction at Shu'fat checkpoint		

	and impeded the free flow of traffic.
	• <u>Raid:</u>
	(i) At 03:00 on May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces raided Al-Ram, stormed and
	searched an Apartment after destroying the main entrance.
	(ii) On the evening of May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces raided Hizma village and
	detained 2 residents.
	(iii) At 04:00 on May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces raided Qalandiya, stormed a
	home and detained a National Security Officer.
	Detention:
	(i) At 02:30 on May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces detained Haron Abu Rami after
	storming Al-Izariya.
	(ii) At 19:00, Israeli forces detained Abdel Athim Abu Sbieh in Jerusalem.
	(iii) At 01:00, Israeli forces detained Fawzi Ra'I, a University student along
	the main road connecting Jericho and Jerusalem.
	(iv) At dawn on May $31^{st}$ 2013, Israeli forces detained 6 children: Mohammad
	Biyoumi, Alla Shahin, Mohammad Joulani, Foad Shawish, Ahmad Al-
	Mahlous and Ahmad Al-Shawish.
	<ul> <li>(v) Israeli forces detained Abdallah Abu Hilwheh and Mus'ab Abu Hilweh in Hizma village.</li> </ul>
	(vi) Israeli forces detained Sa'id Islan in Qalandiya camp.
	• Assault on Places of Worshippers: At 08:00, Israeli settlers spray painted racist
	graffiti on the walls of Al-Rafad Church and slashed the tires of several vehicle
	sparked near the church.
	• <u>Settlement Activity</u> : On May 29 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli authorities approved tenders for
	the construction of 1097 settlement unites (300 in "Ramot" and 797 in "Gilo"
	settlement") in east Jerusalem on land occupied in 1967.
	• <u>Settler Violence</u> : At 20:00, Israeli settlers stormed an apartment building in Shufat
	neighbourhood in Jerusalem and attempted to confiscated a 160 m <sup>2</sup> apartment
	owned by Jamal Jabr.
	• <b>Demonstration:</b> At 16:00, a demonstration took place in front of the International
	Red Cross Headquarters in Al-Sheikh Jarah neighbourhood in Jerusalem in
	solidarity with Palestinian detainees and demanding their release from Israeli
	prisons.
	<u>Wall Gates:</u>
	(i) The Israeli army continues to close with cement blocks the Wall gate in
	Abu Dis town.
	(ii) The Israeli army continues to deny civilian access through the Wall gate
	on Al-Shayyah road in the area between Al-Sawahira Al-Sharqiya and Al-
	Slewahira Al-Gharbiya villages, only allowing civilians holding Jerusalem
	IDs to cross, after subjecting them to thorough searches using electronic
	devices.
	• Wall Construction: Wall construction resumed in the areas north and south of
	Qalandiya village; south of Al-Za'ayyem village; and in Wadi Al-Eizariya
	west of the illegal settlement Ma 'ale Adumim.
	Closure of Main Roads:
	(i) The Israeli army continues to close the entrances to Sinjil village well as
	the junction to Kafr Malik and 'Ein Samiya villages.
	• <b><u>Flying Checkpoint:</u></b> At 13:30 and again at 22:00, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint
RAMALLAH &	at the entrance of Beit Ur Al-Foka.
AL BIREH	<ul> <li><u>Raid:</u> At 05:50, Israeli forces raided Ajoul and Deir Al-Sudan villages.</li> </ul>
	- Main. At 05.50, Islach forces faucu Ajour and Dell Al-Sudall villages.
	• Wall Construction: Wall construction resumed in the area west of 'Abud
	town in the area surrounding the illegal settlement 'Ofarim and north of Al-
	Lubban Al-Gharbi and Rantis villages.

JENIN	<ul> <li>Closure of Main Road:         <ul> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the road leading to the town of 'Arraba east of the illegal settlement Dotan.</li> <li>(ii) Since the evening of November 25<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed the western entrance of Ya'bad.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Flying Checkpoint: At 20:30, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the entrance of T'inik village until 21:40.</li> <li>Raid: At 20:45, Israeli forces raided Jalboun village and stormed a Plastic manufacturing company.</li> <li>Settler Violence: At 09:00, Israeli settlers stormed the area were the previously abandoned settlement of Homesh then withdrew at 13:35.</li> <li>Wall Gates: Passage through the Wall gates is restricted to civilians granted special Israeli permits, which undercuts the access to education and health services for civilians living behind the Wall.</li> </ul>
TUBAS	<ul> <li><u>Checkpoints:</u> The Israeli army increased its restrictions on Palestinian access to the Northern Jordan Valley through the Tayasir checkpoint and prevented residents from entering the area.</li> <li><u>Raid:</u> <ul> <li>(i) At 10:00, Israeli forces raided Tayassir village until 11:30.</li> <li>(ii) At 15:00, Israeli forces raided Ibziq village, searched several tents, then began digging the surrounding area then withdrew at 17:20.</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Detention:</u> At 16:00 on May 28<sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces detained Fihmi Bashirat as he was visiting his brother at an Israeli prison and released him at 00:20 on May 29<sup>th</sup> 2013.</li> </ul>
TULKAREM	<ul> <li><u>Closure of Main Roads:</u> <ul> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the road connecting Kafr Al-Labad town to Shufa village.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the detour road leading to Ramin village along the Tulkarem-Nablus main road.</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Checkpoints:</u> The Israel army continues to intensify its restrictions at Einav checkpoint on the Tulkarem-Nablus main road and impeded the free flow of traffic.</li> <li><u>Raid:</u> <ul> <li>(i) At 09:15 and again a 04:10, Israeli forces raided Tulkarem.</li> <li>(ii) At 17:15, Israeli forces raided Al-Ras and Kafr Sur villages.</li> <li>(iii) At 03:15, Israeli forces raided Izbat Al Jarad village until 04:30.</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Wall Gates:</u></li> <li>Passage through the Wall gates is restricted to civilians granted special Israeli permits, which undercuts the access to education and health services for civilians living behind the Wall.</li> </ul>
QALQILIYA	<ul> <li><u>Closure of Roads:</u> <ul> <li>(i) Israeli forces continue to close with cement blocks agricultural roads east of Azzun town.</li> <li>(ii) In addition to closing the gate installed since the outbreak the second Intifada, the Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the eastern entrance to Kafr Qaddum village.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Flying Checkpoints: At 22:00, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the entrance of Azzun.</li> <li><u>Raid:</u> <ul> <li>(i) At 10:30, Israeli forces raided Izbit Al-Tabib village and mapped several</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	plots of land. (ii) At 14:50, Israeli forces raided Immatin and Far'ata villages and conducted training exercises.
	<ul> <li><u>Wall Gates:</u></li> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to restrict access at 'Azzun 'Atma Wall gate and to search civilians, including students, using a metal detector.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close with an iron gate the entrance to the village of Wadi Al-Rasha and to deny civilian access. The Israeli army allows residents to access the village through Gate #109. Having removed the gate at the entrance to the village of Ras Atiya; the Israeli army only allows students to cross to their schools outside the village through the Habla gate.</li> <li>Wall Construction:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(i) Wall construction resumed Kafr Laqif village north of Karnei Shomron settlement; in Immatin village northeast of Immanuel settlement; and east of Kafr Thulth town near Ma 'ale Shomron settlement.</li> <li>(ii) On January 17<sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces levelled residential land located at the eastern entrance of Azzun Atma for the purpose of constructing the Wall in the area.</li> <li>(iii) On February 6<sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli military bulldozers levelled residential</li> </ul>
	land in Jayyus for the purpose of Wall construction.
	<ul> <li><u>Closure of Main Roads:</u> <ul> <li>The Israeli army continues to close the roads of Til-Burin and Beit Furik-Salem; the settler bypass road connecting the village of Deir al Hatab to the settlement of Alon Moreh; the road connecting the town of 'Aqraba to the village of Osrin; and the detour road between the town of Qabalan and the village of Osrin.</li> <li>The Israeli army continues to close the northern entrance to Qabalan town; the southern entrances to the town of Jamma'in and the villages of Duma and Qaryut.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Flying Checkpoint:         <ul> <li>(i) At 09:05, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Qusin village junction until 11:15.</li> <li>(ii) At 09:15, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint near "Yitsahar "settlement junction until 11:00.</li> <li>(iii) At 09:45, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Beita village until 10:45.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
NABLUS	<ul> <li><u>Raid:</u> <ul> <li>(i) 08:00, Israeli forces raided Sabastiya village while escorting several Israeli settlers who stormed archaeological sites in the village then withdrew at 12:00.</li> <li>(ii) At 02:00, Israeli forces raided Tilfit village, stormed 3 homes, detained 2 residents then withdrew at 03:30.</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Detention:</u> Israeli forces detained Nahed Faraj and Thaer Musalim in Taflit village.</li> <li><u>Settler Violence:</u> <ul> <li>(i) At 14:35, Israeli settlers stormed Assira A-Qibliya and Urif villages, set fire to agricultural land and as a result destroyed 30 Olive trees and 5 acres of wheat crops.</li> <li>(ii) At 18:50, an Israeli settlers opened fire randomly towards residents in the area between Burqa and Bazariya.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<u>Closure of Main Roads:</u>
	(i) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the entrance to two
	detour roads connecting Marda village to its farmland.
	(ii) On 15.04.2012, the Israeli army has opened the northern entrance to Salfit city
	to civilian which was closed since the year 2000 and prevented access from
	08:00 until 09:20.
	(iii) Since 11:00 on July 30 <sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces have closed two roads leading to
	Abu Nasar and QatanAl-Jama' located in western area of Deir Istiya with
	cement blocks.
	• <u>Checkpoints</u> : At Israeli forces intensified their restrictions at Za'tara Al-
	checkpoint and impeded the free flow of traffic.
	• <u>Flying Checkpoint</u> : At 10:15, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the west
	entrance of Harris, impeded the free flow f traffic after closing the steel gate until
	11:30 and again at 01:30 set up a checkpoint then withdrew at a later time.
SALFIT	<b>Doil</b> : At 24.00 Januali forman unidad K. 61 H. mis and 100.15
	• <b><u>Raid:</u></b> At 24:00, Israeli forces raided Kafil Harris until 00:15.
	• <u>Detention:</u> (i) $A = 01.25 \text{ an } M = 20^{th} 2012$ Level's former detained Martafa Alamad during
	(i) At 01:25 on May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces detained Mustafa Ahmad during
	their raid into Bidya. (ii) On May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces positioned at Za'tara checkpoint detained
	4 residents: Ahmad Masalma (A National Security Officer), Ahmad Abu
	Al-Hassan, Muhammad Shanableh, and Ayman Al-Shawish.
	<ul> <li>Assault on Property: At 12:30, Israeli forces served Salah Amar an eviction order</li> </ul>
	to vacate his agricultural land located near Arial settlement.
	• <u>Settler Violence</u> : At 12:35, Israeli settlers positioned near Za'tara checkpoint
	stoned vehicles and damaged a vehicle owned by Abdel Rahim Shihadeh, a
	resident of Nablus.
	• <u>Wall Construction</u> : Wall construction resumed in the area north of Deir Istiya
	town southeast of the illegal settlement.
	• Checkpoints: Israeli forces intensified its restrictions at Al-Hamra checkpoint set
	up along the road connecting Jericho and Nablus Districts and imped the free flow
	of traffic.
	• <b><u>Flying Checkpoint:</u></b> At 19:30, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Al-Oja village
JERICHO	junction.
	• <u>Raid</u> : (i) $A \neq 14.55$ Januali former and bell Al Francil with a survit 15.20
	(i) At 14:55, Israeli forces raided Al-Fasayil village until 15:30.
	(ii) At 15:40, Israeli forces raided Al-Oja village until 16:15.
	• <u>Settler Violence</u> : At 05:00 on May 30 <sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli settlers stormed Al-Zibidat village then withdrew under the protection of Israeli forces.
	vinage men winnerew under me protection of Israeli forces.
	Closure:
	(i) The Israeli army continues to close roads to An Nu'man village, with the
	exception of the road leading to the Wall gate in the south-eastern area of the
	village.
	(ii) Since 15 September 2007, the Israel army has prevented civilians from
BETHLEHEM	accessing or staying on 22 dunums of confiscated land in Al Mazmuriya area
	in Beit Sahur and Bethlehem cities.
	<u>Closure of Main Roads:</u>
	(i) The Israeli army continues to close the Beit Jala-Wadi Ahmed road; a road
	between Um Tuba and Al-Jass; a road between Um Tuba and Khilat Nu'man:
	a road between Um Tuba and the wall; a road between Al-Khas village and
	the wall; the 2 by pass roads located south of Al-Walaja; a road between Talita
	Qumi and Nazlat Al-Sider in Beit Jala; the eastern road of Al-Khader; the road

	<ul> <li>between Al-Khader and Beit Jala ; the road between Al-Khader and road #60 which lead to the eastern neighbourhoods of Bethlehem; a road leading to Wadi Rahal, and a road east of Beit Fajjar town with dirt mounds.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close the road leading to "Newe Daniyyel" settlement and agricultural land in Al-Khader; a road between Um Tuba and Wadi Al-Hums: Wadi Fukin, Al-Jaba, the Green Line; a road between Za'tara and a detour road, and a road between Taqou and Khirbet Al-Deir with cement blocks.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(iii) Since August 2<sup>nd</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed a road leading to Beit Jalla.</li> <li>(iv) Since May 8<sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces closed the road between Carmisan and Al-Walaja with cement block.</li> </ul>
	• <u>Attack:</u>
	<ul> <li>(i) At 12:50, Israeli forces positioned near Um Rakaba area near Nashash junction fired rubber coated steel bullets and tear gas grenades towards residents for alleged stoning and as a result injured the child Basil Issa (15 years old) leaving him hospitalised with contusions.</li> <li>(ii) At 18:15, Israeli forces positioned near Taqou 'fired stun grenades and tear gas grenades for alleged stoning.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Demonstration:</b> At 18:20, a demonstration took place in Carmisan are4a located in north Beit Jalla against land confiscation and the construction of the wall.
	<ul> <li><u>Wall Construction:</u> <ul> <li>(i) Wall construction resumed in North West of Beit Jala town.</li> <li>(ii) On May 1<sup>st</sup> 2013, an Israeli court ruled to halt construction of the wall near Betar village.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	• <u>Closure:</u>
	<ul> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close Al-Shuhada' Street, Al-Sahleh and Khuzq Al-Far areas, as well as the old gold market in Hebron's Old City. In addition to closing the entrance to Al-Qeisi neighbourhood, the Israeli army continues to close the entrances to the area of Al-Hisba (the fruits and vegetables market) with an electronic gate; Al-Laban Market also remains closed.</li> <li>(ii) Since 05 January 2009, the Israeli army has closed the area located along the Green Line south of the town of Yatta. Having seized land for Wall construction, the Israeli army evicted the Palestinian residents and denied them</li> </ul>
	access to the area.
	<u>Closure of Main Roads:</u>
	<ul> <li>The Israeli army continues to close the entrances to Al-Thahiriya and Al-Samoa' towns, Al-'Arrub refugee camp, and Al-Tuwani and Al-Karmil villages.</li> </ul>
	(ii) The Israeli army continues to prohibit Palestinian vehicles from travelling along the old Al-Shalala Street leading to Hebron's Old City.
	(iii) The Israeli army continues to close all roads leading to Road # 60 as well as detour roads along the settler bypass road leading to Yatta town.
HEBRON	(iv) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds a detour road leading to e to Al-Simiya village, the southern entrance of Al-Samou' and the entrance of Beit Annun with cement blocks.
HEBRUN	<ul> <li>(v) Since July 25th 2012, Israeli forces closed the road connecting Al-Safa and Al-Dirat and also closed the entrance of south Yatta with cement blocks.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(vi) Since December 27<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed the west entrance of Swiesiya village which connects Yatta and Al-Samou' village with cement blocks.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Flying Checkpoint:</li> <li>(i) At 18:35, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Ithna junction until 20:00.</li> <li>(ii) At 19:00, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Al-Fuwar junction.</li> </ul>

• Raid:
(i) At 13:15, Israeli forces raided Al-Fuwar camp, detained a child,
temporarily detained the child Isam Awad Allah (13 years old) then
released him at 17:00.
(ii) At 16:15, Israeli forces raided Al-Rafa'a area in Yatta, stormed a home and detained a resident.
(iii) At 17:40, Israeli forces raided Hebron until 18:40
(iv) At 00:10, Israeli forces raided Dura and clashed with residents.
(iv) in 60.10, isiden forces faided Data and elastica with residents.
• <u>Attack:</u> At 20:10, Israeli forces positioned near Al-Huwar area in Halhul fired rubber coated steel bullets and tear gas grenades towards several residents for
alleged stoning and as a result injured Hassan Za'amna and detained a resident.
• Detention:
<ul> <li>(i) At 11:20, Israeli forces detained the child Mohammad Taleb (17 years old) in Qalqils village in south Hebron.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>(ii) Israeli forces detained the Child Mohammad Abu Hashhash (13 years old) in A-Fuwar camp.</li></ul>
(iii) Israeli forces detained Mohammad Amr in Yatta.
(iv) Israeli forces detained Billal Zamar'a in Al-Huwar.
• Wall Construction: Wall construction continued in the area surrounding
the illegal settlement Eshkolot, west of Al-Thahiriya town.

### GAZA STRIP

ALL DISTRICTS	<ul> <li>At 21:00 on November 21<sup>st</sup> 2012, the unilateral ceasefire declared by Israel came into effect. At a later time on the same day, armed Palestinian groups announced an agreement to cease fire.</li> <li>On November 14<sup>th</sup> 2011 Israeli forces placed floating marks 3 miles from Gaza's seashore and warned fishermen against passing beyond the mark and on November 24<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces imposed floating marks of 6 miles and on March 21<sup>st</sup> 2013 re imposed fishing restrictions of 3 miles and again on May 21<sup>st</sup> 2013 Israel forces imposed fishing restriction back to 6 Miles.</li> </ul>
NORTHERN GAZA	• <u>Closure of Crossing Point</u> : Beit Hanun (Erez) is open for the passage of critical patients, journalists, NGO staff, businessmen and passengers travelling abroad through Al-Karama crossing with previous coordination.
GAZA	<ul> <li><u>Closure of Crossing Points:</u> <ul> <li>Al-Muntar (Karni) Crossing is closed. Beginning on 02 March 2011, the Crossing has been effectively closed following a unilateral Israeli decision.</li> <li>Al-Shija'iya (Nahal 'Oz) Crossing is closed. Beginning on 04 January 2010, the Crossing has been closed following a unilateral Israeli decision.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<u>Closure of Crossing Points :</u>
RAFAH	• Yasser 'Arafat International Airport remains closed.
	• Rafah ( <i>Al 'Awdah</i> ) Crossing is open for the exit of patients, students, passengers with permits and the entry of 13 truckloads of construction material.
	• Sufa Crossing is closed.
	• Karm Abu Salem (Karem Shalom) Crossing is open for the passage of critical patients, journalists, NGO staff, businessmen and passengers travelling abroad through Al-Karama crossing with previous coordination and allowed 20 truckloads of humanitarian goods