

## مجموعة الرقابة الفلسطينية



## PALESTINIAN MONITORING GROUP

## DAILY SITUATION REPORT

08:00,12<sup>th</sup> March 2015 – 08:00,13<sup>th</sup> March 2015

## SUMMARY OF EVENTS

EVENT	WEST BANK	GAZA STRIP	TOTAL	NOTES
Physical Assault	1	—	1	Israeli forces assaulted a resident in Turmus'aya in Ramallah.
Raids	8	—	8	2 in Ramallah, 2 in Tulkarem, 1 in Qalqiliya, 1 in Jericho and 2 in Hebron.
Detention	9	—	9	3 in Jerusalem, 1 in Tulkarem, 1 in Qalqiliya, 1 in Salfit, 1 in Jericho and 2 in Hebron including 2 children.
Temporary Detention	7	—	7	At checkpoints and residential areas including 9 children.
Closure of Checkpoints	5	—	5	Ras Khamis checkpoint for constructing the wall, access allowed at checkpoints around Jerusalem, impeded access at 4 others.
Flying Checkpoints	12	—	12	3 in Jerusalem, 2 in Ramallah, 4 in Qalqiliya, 4 in Nablus and 2 in Jericho.
Attack	2	1	3	2 during confrontations between Residents and Israeli forces and 1 from Military post.
Closure (per District)	10	—	10	Including 2 in Bethlehem, 1 in Jerusalem, and 6 in Hebron.
Closure of Main Roads	69	—	69	Including 1 in Jerusalem, 2 in Ramallah, 3 in Jenin, 3 in Tulkarem, 3 in Qalqiliya, 5 in Nablus, 5 in Salfit, 24 in Bethlehem and 23 in Hebron.
Closure of Crossings	—	5	5	Beit Hanun (Erez) is open for the passage of critical patients, journalists, NGO staff, businesspersons and passengers travelling abroad through Al-Karama crossing with previous coordination.
Assault on Places of Worship	1	—	1	Israeli settlers stormed Al-Aqsa mosque compound in the old city of Jerusalem and provoked worshippers
Settler Violence	5	—	5	Israeli settlers assaulted and injured 2 residents in Jerusalem, stoned residents and vehicles near Silwad bridge in Ramallah, stormed Al-Masudiya area in Burqa village, stormed Nablus, stormed the rooftops of 2 homes and contaminated the water tanks in Tel Al-Rumayda neighbourhood in Hebron.
Total	129	6	135	

**WEST BANK**

<p><b>JERUSALEM</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><u>Closure:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army, intensified their restrictions at the entrance to Jerusalem city, set up several flying checkpoints on the main road leading to the city and prevented worshipers under the age of 40 from conducting prayers at Al-Aqsa mosque compound.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close the ‘demarcation area’ along the Wall in the area surrounding occupied East Jerusalem and restricts access to local residents as well as to civilians holding special permits.</li> <li>(iii) The Israeli army continues to impose a blockade and deny civilian access to a hill between Biddu and Beit Ikksa villages.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Closure of Main Roads:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with cement blocks and dirt mounds the entrance to Jaba’ village.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close with an iron gate the eastern entrance to Beit Ikksa village and forces civilians to access Jerusalem city through Qalandiya checkpoint.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Checkpoints:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Israeli authorities continue to consider Qalandiya checkpoint a “border crossing point” and designate a special crossing lane for holders of Jerusalem IDs and another for those possessing permits to access Jerusalem city.</li> <li>(ii) On September 19<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed Ras Khamis checkpoint near Shu’fat camp and impeded the free flow of traffic in order to construct the wall.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Flying Checkpoint:</u></b> At 11:55, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the entrance of Anata.</li> <li>• <b><u>Attack:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 08:30, Israeli forces positioned in Ras Al-Amoud neighbourhood fired stun and tear gas grenades towards several school children for alleged stoning.</li> <li>(ii) At 11:00, Israeli forces positioned at Qalandiya checkpoint fired stun and tear gas grenades towards participants marching in the International Woman’s day protest and as a result left several residents suffocated from tear gas inhalation.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Detention:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 10:30, Israeli forces detained two children: Thaer Attiyah (15 years old) and Tamer Bassit (14 years old) in Sur Bahar village.</li> <li>(ii) At 10:30, Israeli forces detained Mansour Darwish (A resident of Al-Eisawiya village).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Assault on Places of Worship:</u></b> At 08:30, Israeli settlers under the protection of Israeli Police stormed Al-Aqsa mosque compound in the old city of Jerusalem and provoked worshipers.</li> <li>• <b><u>Settler Violence:</u></b> At 13:30, Israeli settlers stormed Al-Thuri neighbourhood in Jerusalem and assaulted two residents: Farid Al-Taweel and Hussien Zaghhal leaving them hospitalised with contusions.</li> <li>• <b><u>Wall Gates:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with cement blocks the Wall gate in Abu Dis town.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to deny civilian access through the Wall gate</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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	<p>on Al-Shayyah road in the area between Al-Sawahira Al-Sharqiya and Al-Slewahira Al-Gharbiya villages, only allowing civilians holding Jerusalem IDs to cross, after subjecting them to thorough searches using electronic devices.</p>
<b>RAMALLAH &amp; AL BIREH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><u>Closure of Main Roads:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close the entrances to Sinjil village well as the junction to Kafr Malik and ‘Ein Samiya villages.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Flying Checkpoint:</u></b> At 21:00, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the entrance of Turmus’aya and assaulted Nasser Dahbour then withdrew at 24:00.</li> <li>• <b><u>Raid:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 09:30, Israeli forces raided Bir Ziet, stormed a coffee shop, summoned four unidentified University students to report to Israeli Intelligence for questions then withdrew at 10:30.</li> <li>(ii) At 04:00, Israeli forces raided Kafr Malik village then stormed and searched a home.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Settler Violence:</u></b> At 09:20, Israeli settlers stormed Silwad Bridge and stone residents and vehicles.</li> </ul>
<b>JENIN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><u>Closure of Main Road:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the road leading to the town of ‘Arraba east of the illegal settlement Dotan.</li> <li>(ii) Since the evening of November 25<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed the western entrance of Ya’bad.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Wall Gates:</u></b> Israeli forces continue to close the wall gate and only allow those holding special permits to enter through it.</li> </ul>
<b>TULKAREM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><u>Closure of Main Roads:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the road connecting Kafr Al-Labad town to Shufa village.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the detour road leading to Ramin village along the Tulkarem-Nablus main road.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Checkpoint:</u></b> Israeli forces intensified their restrictions at “Eniv” checkpoint located along the main road connecting Tulkarem and Nablus and impeded the free flow of traffic.</li> <li>• <b><u>Raid:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 10:15, Israeli forces raided Izbit Shufa village, temporarily detained several residents then released them after questioning by Israeli Intelligence officers then withdrew at 12:00.</li> <li>(ii) At 12:00, Israeli forces raided Beit Lid until 13:00.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Detention:</u></b> On March 5<sup>th</sup> 2015, Israeli forces detained Imad Nassar (A resident of Anabta).</li> </ul>
<b>QALQILIYA</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><u>Closure of Roads:</u></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Israeli forces continue to close with cement blocks agricultural roads east of Azzun town.</li> <li>(ii) In addition to closing the gate installed since the outbreak the second Intifada, the Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the eastern entrance to Kafr Qaddum village.</li> <li>(iii) Since 16:55 on December 18<sup>th</sup> 2014, Israeli forces closed an agricultural road leading to Far’ata village which is located near “Gillad” settlement with dirt mounds</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b><u>Flying Checkpoint:</u></b> At 00:45, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Jit village junction and detained a resident.</li> <li>• <b><u>Raid:</u></b> At 10:10, Israeli forces raided Assalah village until 13:00.</li> <li>• <b><u>Detention:</u></b> Israeli forces positioned at a checkpoint near Jit village junction detained Mohammad Khadish (A resident of Balata camp in Nablus).</li> <li>• <b><u>Wall Gates:</u></b></li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to restrict access at ‘Azzun ‘Atma Wall gate and impeded the free flow of traffic. The Israeli army continues to close with an iron gate the entrance to the village of Wadi Al- Rasha and to deny civilian access.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army allows residents to access the village through Gate #109. Having removed the gate at the entrance to the village of Ras Atiya, the Israeli army only allows students to cross to their schools outside the village through the Habla gate.</li> </ul>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>NABLUS</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Closure:</b> Since December 17<sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces ordered the closure 500 dunumes of land in Qusra village as a closed military area.</li> <li>• <b>Closure of Main Roads:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close the roads of Til-Burin and Beit Furik-Salem; the settler bypass road connecting the village of Deir al Hatab to the settlement of Alon Moreh; the road connecting the town of ‘Aqraba to the village of Osrin; and the detour road between the town of Qabalan and the village of Osrin.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close the northern entrance to Qabalan town; the southern entrances to the town of Jamma’in and the villages of Duma and Qaryut.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Checkpoint:</b> At 12:25, Israeli forces intensified their restrictions at Huwwara checkpoint and impeded the free flow of traffic.</li> <li>• <b>Flying Checkpoint:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 11:00, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Madma Village Bridge until 12:05.</li> <li>(ii) At 11:05, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Dajjan village until 12:05.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Settler Violence:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 08:50, a group of Israeli settlers stormed Al-Masudiya area in Burqa village then withdrew at 10:20.</li> <li>(ii) At 04:15, Israeli settlers driving 2 vehicles stormed Nablus as they attempted to storm Joseph’s Tomb without Israeli escorts then left the area after Palestinian Police forces arrived near the area.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>SALFIT</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Closure of Main Roads:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds the entrance to two detour roads connecting Marda village to its farmland.</li> <li>(ii) On 15.04.2012, the Israeli army has opened the northern entrance to Salfit city to civilian, which was closed since the year 2000 and prevented access from 08:00 until 09:20.</li> <li>(iii) Since 11:00 on July 30<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces have closed two roads leading to Abu Nasar and Qatan Al-Jama’ located in western area of Deir Istiya with cement blocks.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Detention:</b> At 22:20, Israeli forces positioned at Za’tara checkpoint detained Tariq Abdallah (A resident of Tulkarem).</li> </ul>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>JERICHO</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Checkpoints:</b> Israeli forces intensified its restrictions at Al-Hamra checkpoint set up along the road connecting Jericho and Nablus District.</li> <li>• <b>Flying Checkpoint:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) At 13:10, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at the south entrance of Jericho until 13:45.</li> <li>(ii) At 16:30, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint along road (90) junction near Al-New’meh village (located at the North entrance of Jericho) and detained a resident.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Raid:</b> At 00:35, Israeli forces raided Jericho.</li> <li>• <b>Detention:</b> Israeli forces positioned at a checkpoint along road (90) junction near</li> </ul>

	<p>Al-New'meh village (located at the North entrance of Jericho) detained Munjid Al-Dameri (A resident of Hebron).</p>
<p><b>BETHLEHEM</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Closure:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close roads to An Nu'man village, with the exception of the road leading to the Wall gate in the south-eastern area of the village.</li> <li>(ii) Since 15 September 2007, the Israel army has prevented civilians from accessing or staying on 22 dunumes of confiscated land in Al Mazmuriya area in Beit Sahur and Bethlehem cities.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Closure of Main Roads:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) The Israeli army continues to close the Beit Jala-Wadi Ahmed road; a road between Um Tuba and Al-Jass ; a road between Um Tuba and Khilat Nu'man: a road between Um Tuba and the wall; a road between Al-Khas village and the wall; the 2 by pass roads located south of Al-Walaja; a road between Talita Qumi and Nazlat Al-Sider in Beit Jala; the eastern road of Al-Khader; the road between Al-Khader and Beit Jala ; Wadi Rahal road near "Ifrat" settlement ,the road between Al-Khader and road #60 which lead to the eastern neighbourhoods of Bethlehem; a road leading to Wadi Rahal, and a road east of Beit Fajjar town with dirt mounds.</li> <li>(ii) The Israeli army continues to close the road leading to "Newe Daniyyel" settlement and agricultural land in Al-Khader; a road between Um Tuba and Wadi Al-Hums: Wadi Fukin, Al-Jaba, the Green Line; a road between Za'tara and a detour road, and a road between Taqou and Khirbet Al-Deir with cement blocks.</li> <li>(iii) Since August 2<sup>nd</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed a road leading to Beit Jalla.</li> <li>(iv) Since May 8<sup>th</sup> 2013, Israeli forces closed the road connecting Al-Carmisan area in Beit Jalla and Al-Walaja with a steel gate and barbed wires.</li> <li>(v) Since June 3<sup>rd</sup> 2013, the Israeli army closed the road connecting Nihalin and road 60 with dirt mounds.</li> <li>(vi) Since 13:20 on September 29<sup>th</sup> 2013, the Israeli army closed a road leading to 50 acres of agricultural land in Wadi Salem area in Al-Khadr with dirt mounds.</li> <li>(vii) Israeli forces closed the main road connecting Surif and Al-Jub'a village with dirt mounds.</li> <li>(viii) On January 28<sup>th</sup> 2014, Israeli forces closed the steel gate at the entrance of Nihalin { replacing the dirt mounds placed at the entrance since the year 2002 } and placed time schedule for opening the gate from 06:00 until 14:00 on a daily bases.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

HEBRON

- **Closure:**
  - (i) The Israeli army continues to close Al-Shuhada' Street, Al-Sahleh and Khuzq Al-Far areas, as well as the old gold market in Hebron's Old City. In addition to closing the entrance to Al-Qeisi neighbourhood, the Israeli army continues to close the entrances to the area of Al-Hisba (the fruits and vegetables market) with an electronic gate; Al-Laban Market also remains closed.
  - (ii) Since 05 January 2009, the Israeli army has closed the area located along the Green Line south of the town of Yatta. Having seized land for Wall construction, the Israeli army evicted the Palestinian residents and denied them access to the area.
- **Closure of Main Roads:**
  - (i) The Israeli army continues to close the entrances to Al-Thahiriya and Al-Samoa' towns, Al-'Arrub refugee camp, and Al-Tuwani and Al-Karmil villages.
  - (ii) The Israeli army continues to prohibit Palestinian vehicles from travelling along the old Al-Shalala Street leading to Hebron's Old City.
  - (iii) The Israeli army continues to close all roads leading to Road # 60 as well as detour roads along the settler bypass road leading to Yatta town.
  - (iv) The Israeli army continues to close with dirt mounds a detour road leading to e to Al-Simiya village, the southern entrance of Al-Samou' and the entrance of Beit Annun with cement blocks.
  - (v) Since July 25<sup>th</sup> 2012, Israeli forces closed the road connecting Al-Safa and Al-Dirat and closed the entrance of south Yatta with cement blocks.
- **Flying Checkpoint:**
  - (i) At 10:25, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Al-Nabi Yunis area junction located along the main road connecting Hebron and Bethlehem).
  - (ii) At 15:40, Israeli forces set up a checkpoint at Al-Samou' junction.
  - (iii) At 17:25, Israeli force set up a checkpoint at Halhul Bridge.
- **Raid:**
  - (i) At 10:45, Israeli forces raided Beit Kahil then stormed and searched several homes.
  - (ii) At 16:45, Israeli forces raided Imrish village until 17:45.
- **Detention:**
  - (i) At 16:35, Israeli forces detained Moath Khalil (A resident of Beit Ummar) as he was reporting to Israeli Intelligence for questioning based on a prior summon.
  - (ii) At 23:15, Israeli forces detained Sayef Abu Diya (A resident of Beit Ummar) as he was reporting to Israeli Intelligence for questioning based on a prior summon.
- **Settler Violence:** At 22:00, a group of Israeli settlers stormed Tel Al-Rumayda neighbourhood in the old city of Hebron stormed the rooftops of homes owned by Immad Shamsiya and Ibrahim Za'nouni then contaminated their water tanks with an unknown substance.

GAZA STRIP

<p><b>ALL DISTRICTS</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• At 19:00 on August 26<sup>th</sup> 2014, Palestinian Gunmen and the Israeli military agreed to a cease fire agreement (brokered by the Arab Republic of Egypt) which includes the opening of border crossings to allow the entry of emergency supplies and humanitarian goods as well as construction material and agreed to increase the fishing limit to 6 nautical miles with possibility of increase to 12 nautical miles by the end of the year and to decrease the Military area to 100 meters, allow freedom of movement and a halt to targeted killings and assassinations and negotiations will be held for discussion on rebuilding the sea port and airports in the coming month.</li> <li>• Israeli forces positioned behind the Green Line opened fire towards Khan Yunis.</li> </ul>
<p><b>NORTHERN GAZA</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Closure of Crossing Point:</b> Beit Hanun (Erez) is open for the passage of critical patients, journalists, NGO staff, businesspersons and passengers travelling abroad through Al-Karama crossing with previous coordination.</li> </ul>
<p><b>GAZA</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Closure of Crossing Points:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Al-Muntar (Karni) Crossing is closed. Beginning on 02 March 2011, the Crossing has been effectively closed following a unilateral Israeli decision.</li> <li>(ii) Al-Shija'iyah (Nahal 'Oz) Crossing is closed. Beginning on 04 January 2010, the Crossing has closed following a unilateral Israeli decision</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>KHAN YUNIS</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Attack:</b> On the evening of March 12<sup>th</sup> 2015, Israeli forces positioned behind the Green Line opened fire towards agricultural land in east Khaz'aa.</li> </ul>
<p><b>RAFAH</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Closure of Crossing Points :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Yasser 'Arafat International Airport remains closed.</li> <li>(ii) Rafah (<i>Al 'Awdah</i>) Crossing is closed.</li> <li>(iii) Sufa Crossing is closed.</li> <li>(iv) Karm Abu Salem (Karem Shalom) Crossing is open for the entry of tourist and foreign diplomats and the entry of Humanitarian assistance and construction material funded by UNRWA.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>